## PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Seymour Taxman
DOCKET NO.: 04-25622.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-30-401-006-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Seymour Taxman, the appellant, by attorney Timothy E. Moran with the law firm of Schmidt Salzman & Moran, Ltd., in Chicago and the Cook County Board of Review.

The subject property consists of a seven-year-old, two-story, single-family dwelling of masonry construction containing 6,751 square feet of living area and situated on a 46,783 square foot parcel. Features of the residence include four and one-half bathrooms, a full-unfinished basement, air-conditioning, two fireplaces and a three-car attached garage. The subject is located in New Trier Township, Cook County.

The appellant, through counsel, submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board arguing unequal treatment in the assessment process of the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this claim, the appellant submitted assessment data and descriptive information on five properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The appellant also submitted a twopage brief, photographs and Cook County Assessor's Internet Database sheets for the subject and the suggested comparables and copy of the board of review's decision. Based on the appellant's documents, the five suggested comparables consist of two-story, single-family dwellings of masonry construction with the same neighborhood code as the subject. The improvements range in age from eight to 77 years and in improvement size from 5,917 to 7,575 square feet of living area. The comparables contain from three and one-half to six full bathrooms, a finished or unfinished basement, air-conditioning, from two to four fireplaces and a multi-car garage. The improvement assessments

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Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds  $\underline{a\ reduction}$  in the assessment of the property as established by the  $\underline{Cook}$  County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 58,010 IMPR.: \$ 156,990 TOTAL: \$ 215,000

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

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range from \$17.80 to \$22.20 per square foot of living area. Based on the evidence submitted, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$233,765. The subject's improvement assessment is \$175,755 or \$26.03 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment the board submitted property characteristic printouts and descriptive data on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The suggested comparables are improved with two-story, singlefamily dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry construction located within the same survey block as the subject. improvements range in size from 3,808 to 4,184 square feet of living area and range in age from 38 to 49 years. comparables contain three and one-half or four and one-half bathrooms, a partial-finished or unfinished basement, airconditioning, from one to three fireplaces and a multi-car garage. The improvement assessments range from \$27.38 to \$28.66 per square foot of living area. Based on the evidence presented, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review V. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has overcome this burden.

The Board finds the appellant's comparables three, four and five to be the most similar properties to the subject in the record. These three properties are similar to the subject in improvement amenities, construction, age and location and improvement assessments ranging from \$18.67 to \$22.20 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$26.03 falls above the range established by these The Board finds the board of review's comparables properties. significantly smaller in size of living area as compared to the The appellant's two remaining comparables are accorded less weight because they differ from the subject in age. considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is not supported by similar properties contained in the record.

As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant has adequately demonstrated that the subject dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and a reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law  $(735 \, \text{ILCS} \, 5/3-101 \, \text{et seq.})$  and section  $16-195 \, \text{of}$  the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Chairman

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Skiller Member

DISSENTING:

## CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: April 25, 2008

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A  $\underline{\text{PETITION}}$  AND  $\underline{\text{EVIDENCE}}$  WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.